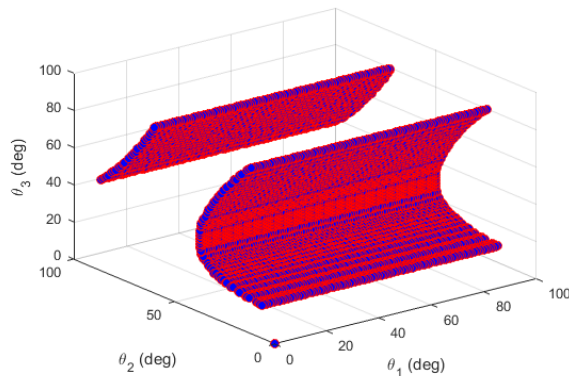




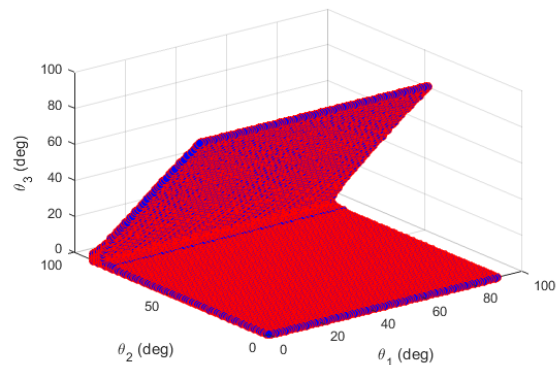
Investigate the MATLAB codes first, then read this report.

Case Study1:

Isotropic Configurations of 3-RRR Serial Robot



Singular Configurations of 3-RRR Serial Robot



$$\det(J_v) = 0 \rightarrow L_2 L_3 (\cos(\theta_2 + \theta_3) \sin(\theta_2) - \sin(\theta_2 + \theta_3) \cos(\theta_2)) (L_3 \cos(\theta_2 + \theta_3) + L_2 \cos(\theta_2)) = 0$$

$$\det(J_v) = 0 \rightarrow -L_2 L_3 (\sin(\theta_3)) (L_3 \cos(\theta_2 + \theta_3) + L_2 \cos(\theta_2)) = 0$$

1. $\sin(\theta_3) = 0 \rightarrow \theta_3 = 0$
2. $L_3 \cos(\theta_2 + \theta_3) + L_2 \cos(\theta_2)$

Case Study 2.

1. $\det(J_v) = 0 \rightarrow L_1 L_5 (-\sin(-\theta_3 + \theta_2)) (-L_5 \cos(\theta_2) + L_1(\theta_3)) = 0$

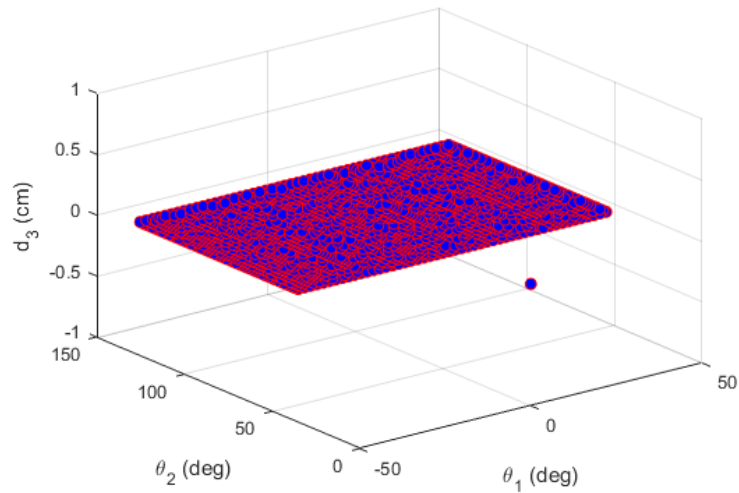
$$-\sin(-\theta_3 + \theta_2) = 0$$

$$-L_5 \cos(\theta_2) + L_1(\theta_3) = 0$$

2. Optimal Solution GA = 0.88 , Optimal Solution Fmincon = 0.88.

Project:

Singular Configurations of parallelogram robot, using Rcond



$$\det(J_v) = 0 \rightarrow -\sin(\theta_2) d_3^2 = 0$$

$\theta_2 = 0$ is not within the range of mechanical workspace.

$d_3 = 0 \rightarrow RCM \text{ Singularity}$

The use of a structure with a remote fixed point around which a mechanism can rotate is called remote centre of motion (RCM). The technique is widely used in minimally invasive surgery to avoid excess force on the incision site during the robot's motion.